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# Eos Cross-Calibration Radiometers

Stuart F. Biggar  
Remote Sensing Group  
Optical Sciences Center  
University of Arizona

Presented to:

Calibration/Data Product Validation Panel  
Meeting  
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Boulder, Colorado

# Eos Radiometers

# Philosophy

## Spectral Coverage

# Specific Design

**Philosophy**

**Portable**

**Stable**

**Precise**

**Accurate**

## Spectral Coverage

0.4 - 1.0 $\mu\text{m}$	(Silicon QED)
0.8 - 1.65 $\mu\text{m}$	(Germanium)
1.5 - 2.5 $\mu\text{m}$	(cooled Indium Arsenide)
3.5 - 14.5 $\mu\text{m}$	(cooled Mercury Cadmium Telluride)

## **Silicon QED**

### **Design Considerations**

### **Fabrication**

### **Data collection/storage**

### **Concerns**

## Design considerations

### Spectral

0.4 - ~1.0  $\mu\text{m}$

Silicon detectors

(3 Hamamatsu S1337-1010BQN)

Interference Filter(s)

### Radiometric

No optics (other than filter)

Precision apertures (2)

QED (5 detector surfaces)

### Thermal

Temperature control

Detector / Amplifier

Apertures

Filter

Material

Invar

Stainless steel

## **Fabrication**

**Custom built**

**Precision tolerances**  
**detector alignment**  
**position**  
**angle**  
**aperture**  
**centering**  
**diameter**  
**circularity**  
**separation**

**Interchangeable detector blocks**

## Data collection/storage

### Analog outputs

Detector voltage

Detector temperature

Filter temperature

"Instrument" temperature

### Digital outputs

Filter id number

### Analog/Digital conversion

Commercial data logger

17 bit A/D

0.03% accuracy (dcv / 1 year)

Rugged, compact (3 kg)

Commercial data acquisition hardware

17 bit A/D

0.01% accuracy (dcv / 1 year)

Rugged, transportable

### Storage

Data logger (and/or)

Small MS-DOS computer (RAM card)

# **Amplifier**

## **Design**

**Transimpedance configuration  
low noise FET type OP AMP  
temperature controlled  
op amp  
feedback resistor(s)  
single or 1 per detector**

**Variable gain  
set by switch  
or  
digital io from logger**

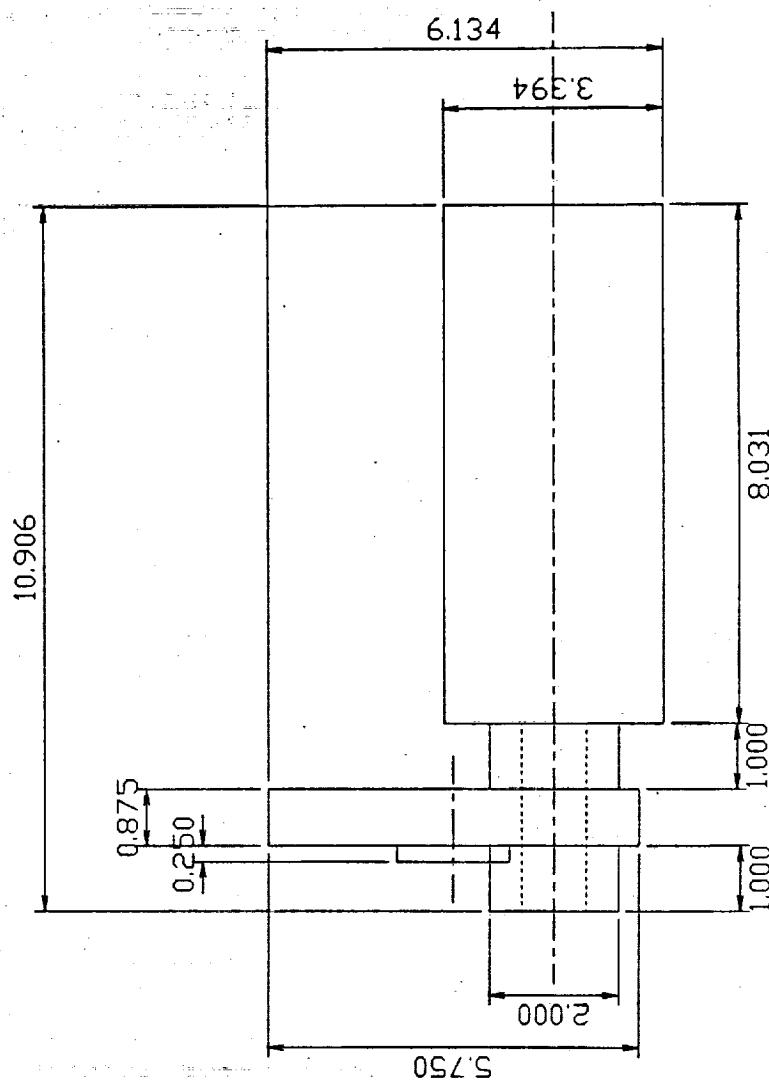
## **Concerns**

**Operating Conditions (vacuum ?)**

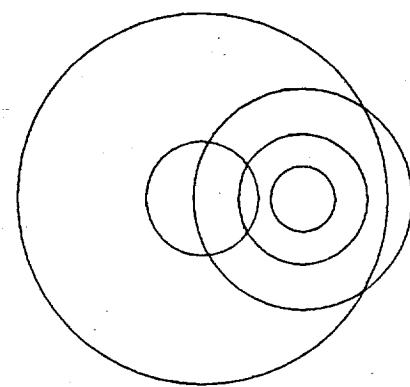
**Radiance levels**

**Scheduling**

Dimensions are inches



Side



End on

**EOS**

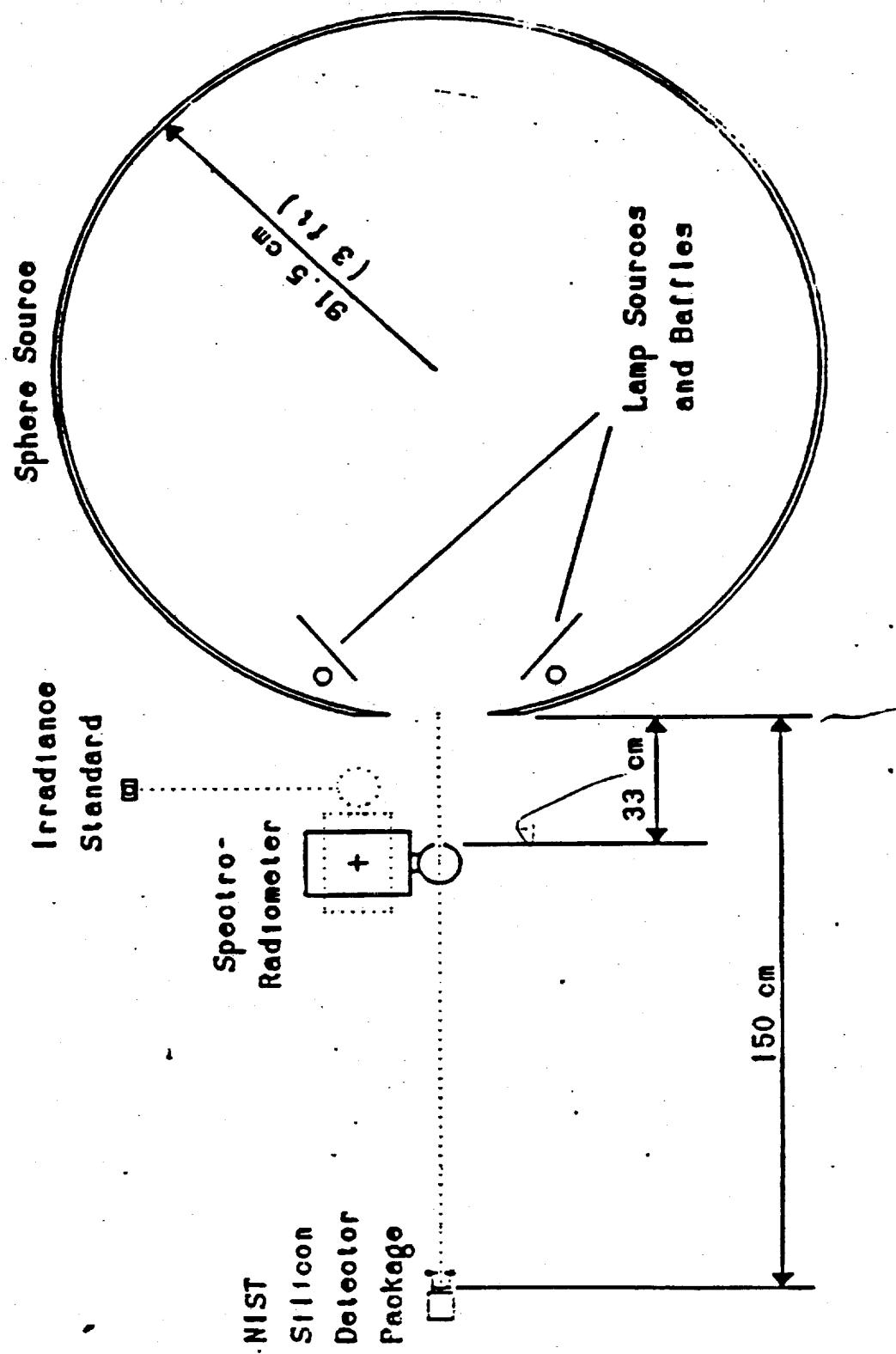
5th Meeting of

**Calibration  
Data Product Validation  
Reflected Solar Group**

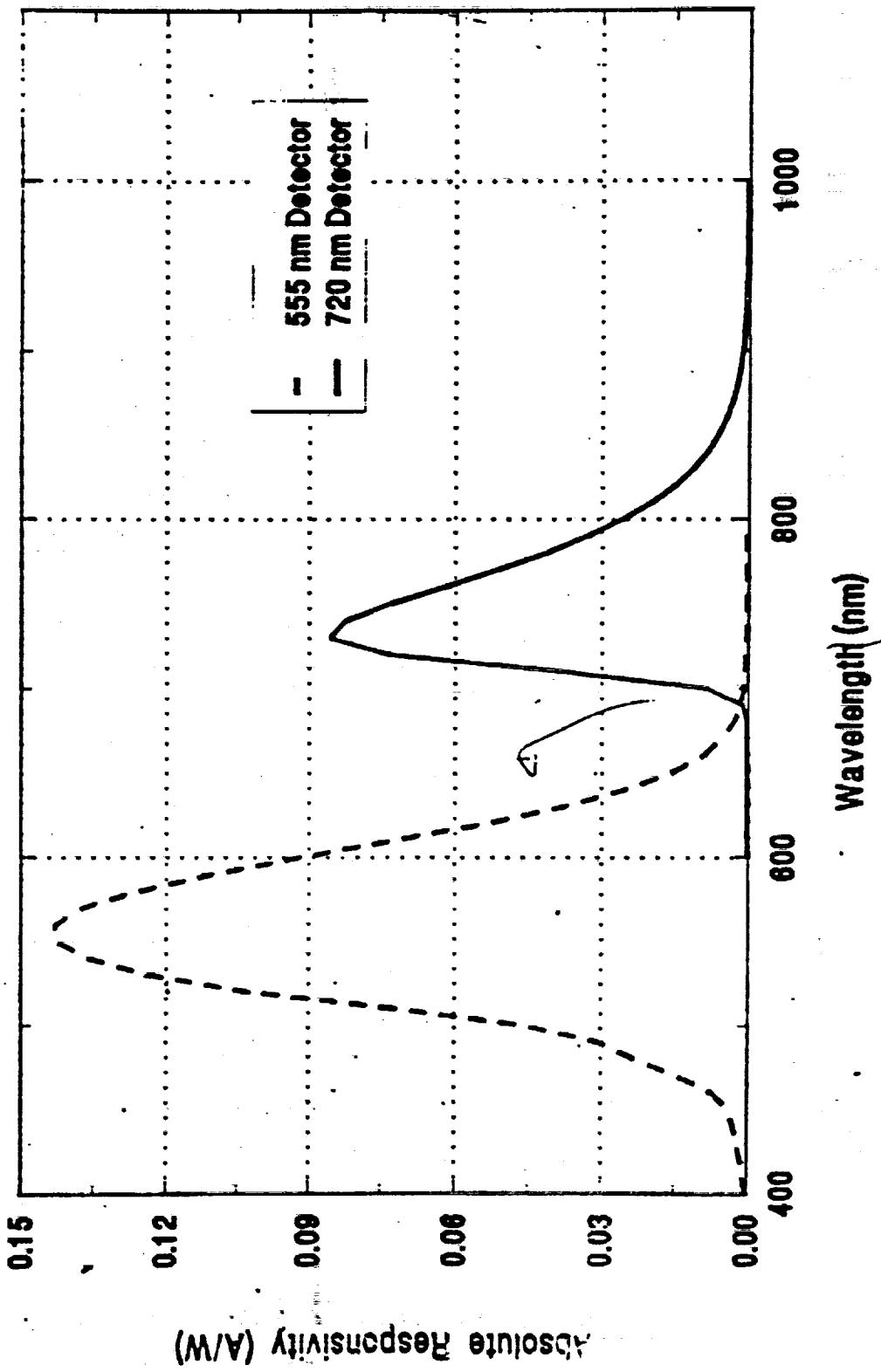
***Calibration Source  
Verification***

**Dr. Christopher L. Cromer**

# NASA Goddard Sphere Source Measurement Set up



# Spectral Responsivity of Detectors



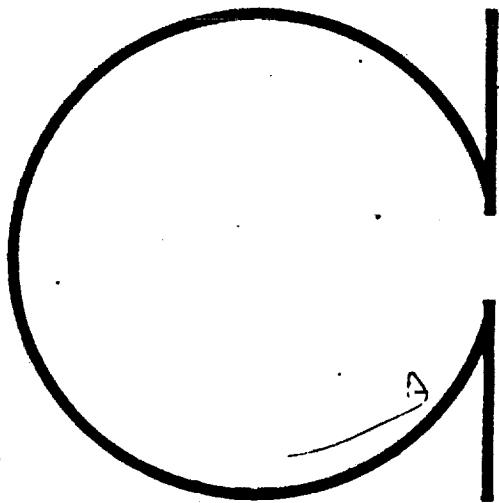
**RESULTS OF NASA SPHERE SOURCE  
MEASUREMENTS AT NASA**  
**(183 cm diameter sphere with 25.4 cm aperture)**

<b>Detector Filter Peak Wavelength (nm)</b>	<b>Source to Detector Distance (cm)</b>	<b>Difference of Predicted Signal from Measured Signal (%)</b>
555	190	-0.2
555	150	-0.1
555	100	-0.1
720	190	-0.4
720	150	-0.2

# Verification Methods

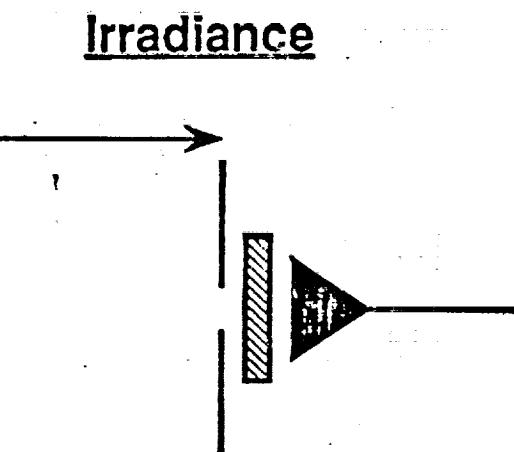
## Sources

### Sphere Source

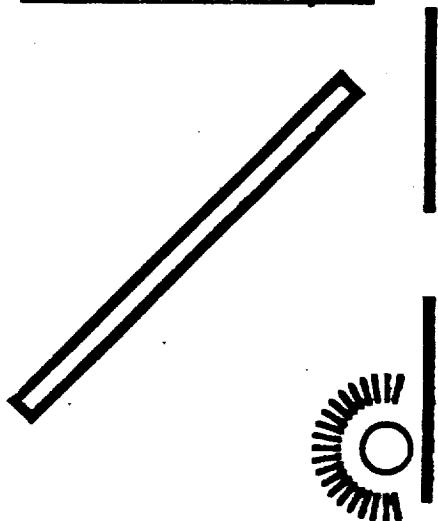


## Radiometers

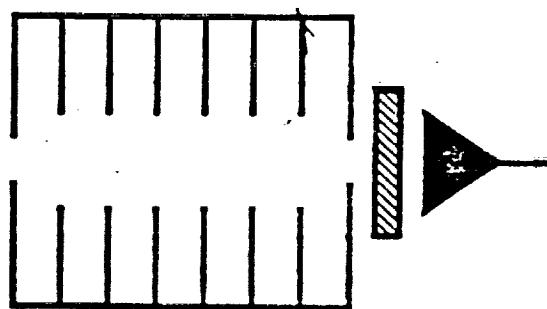
### Irradiance



### Diffuser Plaque



### Radiance



# Options

## Entrance Optics

- Aperture
- Telescope
- Baffle Tube

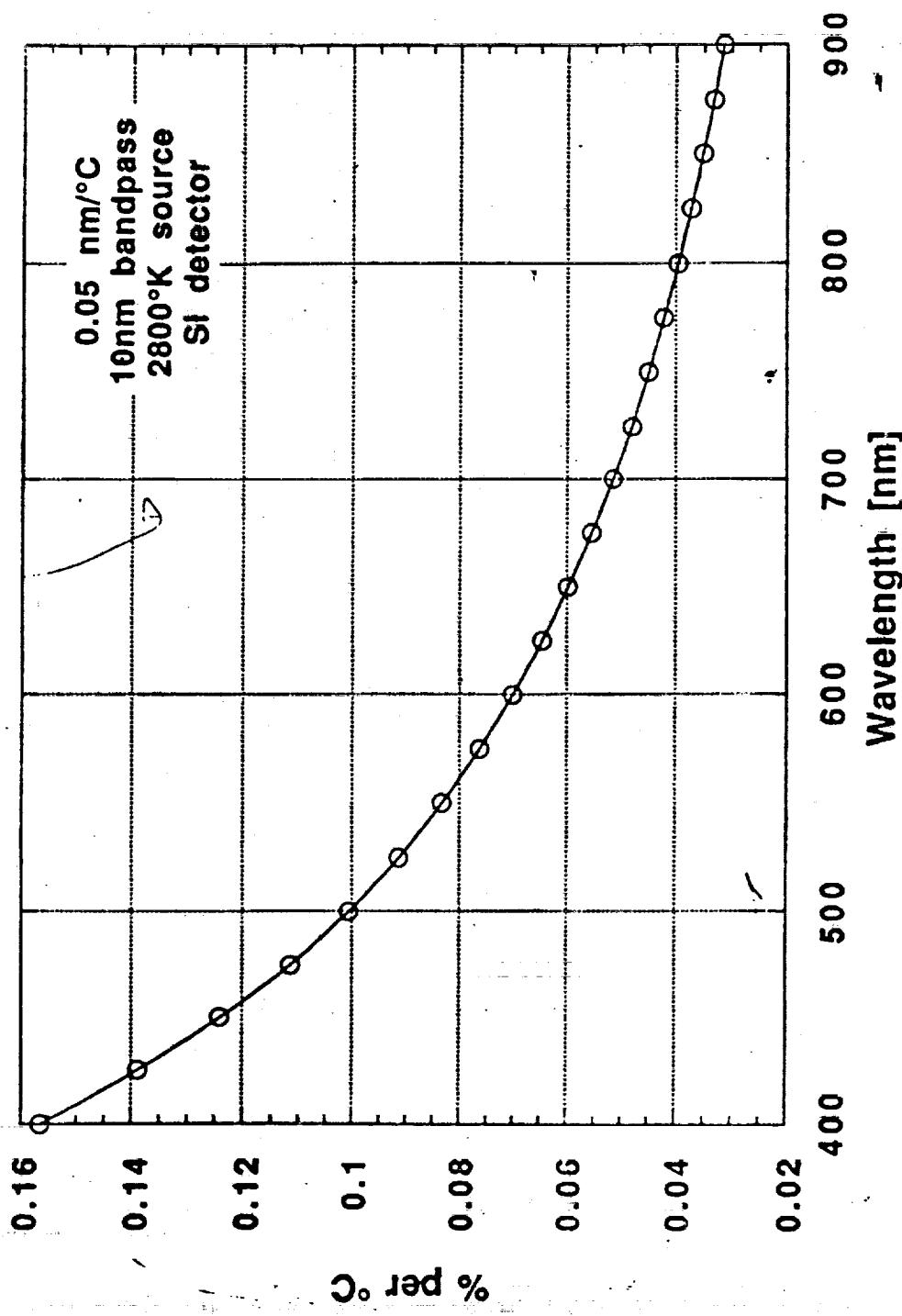
## Filters

- Absorbing
- Interference
- Monochromator

## Detectors

• GaP	.2 μm - .5 μm
• GaAsP	.2 μm - .7 μm
• Si	.2 μm - 1.1 μm
• Ge	.9 μm - 1.7 μm
• InGaAs	.9 μm - 1.8 μm
• PbS	1. μm - 3.3 μm
• InAs	1. μm - 3.8 μm
• InSb	1. μm - 5.5 μm

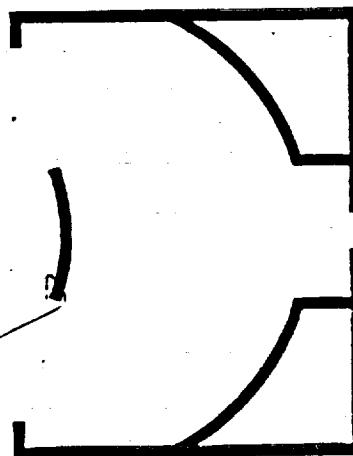
% Change in Signal with Temperature



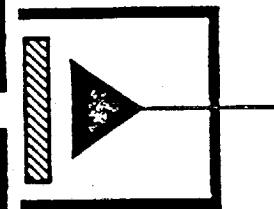
# Proposed Geometry

## Radiance

Telescope



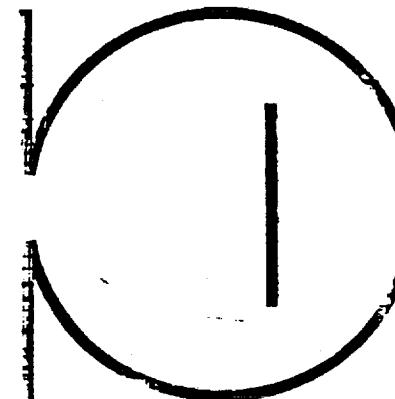
Temperature  
Controlled  
Housing



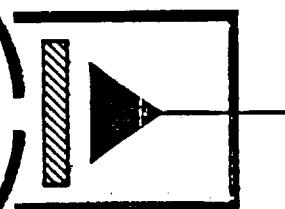
Wideband  
Interference  
Filter

## Irradiance

Integrating Sphere

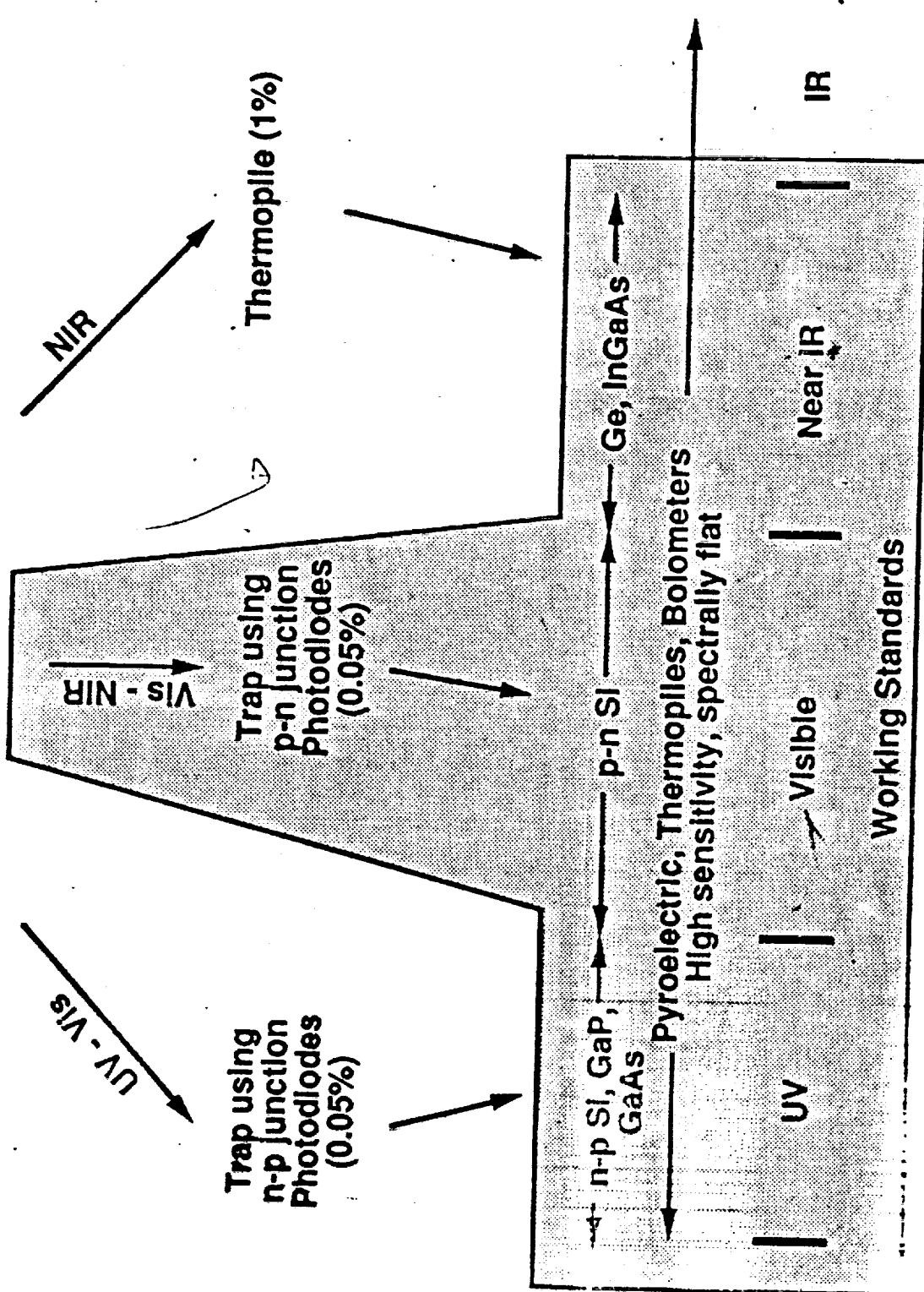


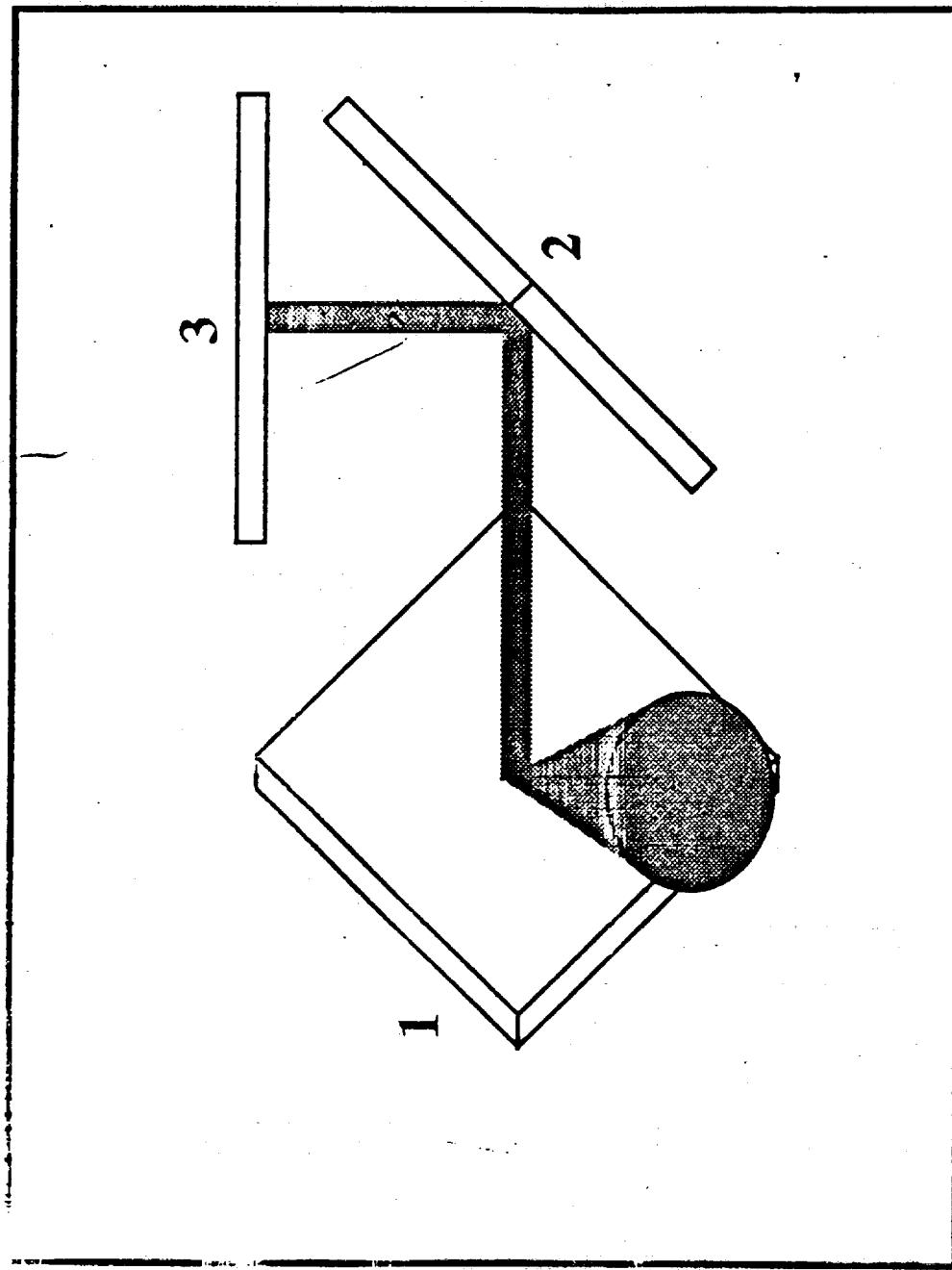
Temperature  
Controlled  
Housing



Wideband  
Interference  
Filter

# Cryogenic Radiometer (0.01%)





**Trap Detector**  
Arrangement of photodiodes  
minimizes light lost to reflections

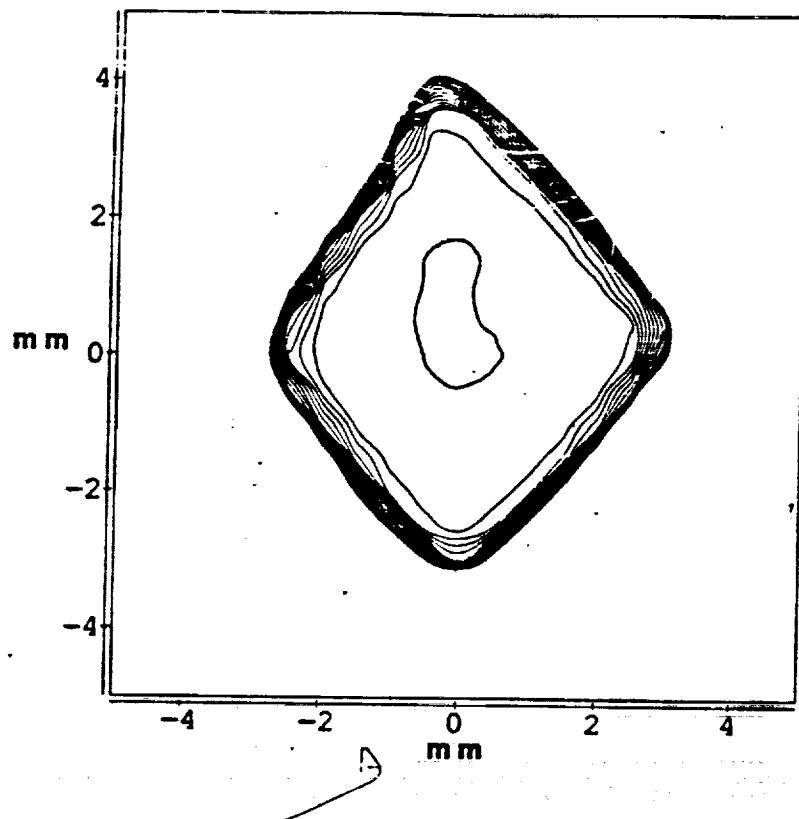


Figure 5a

Response Uniformity of  
Hamamatsu Trap #3  
0.1% contours at 500 nm  
1.1 mm resolution

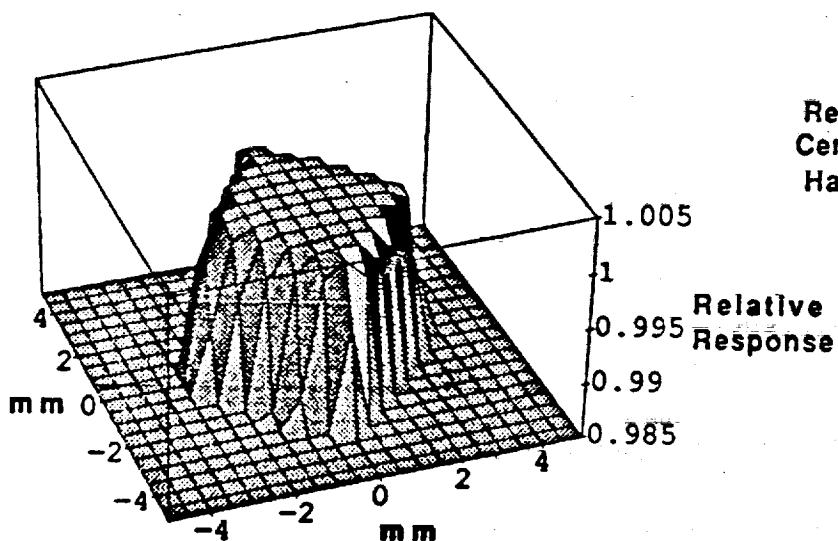
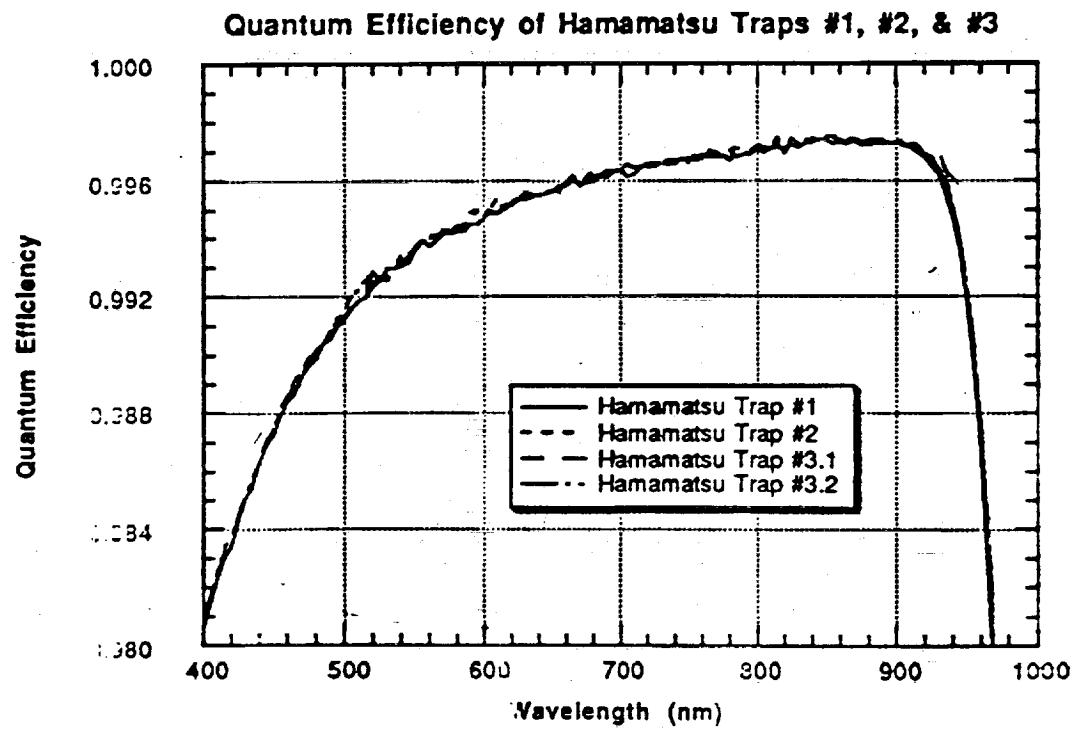
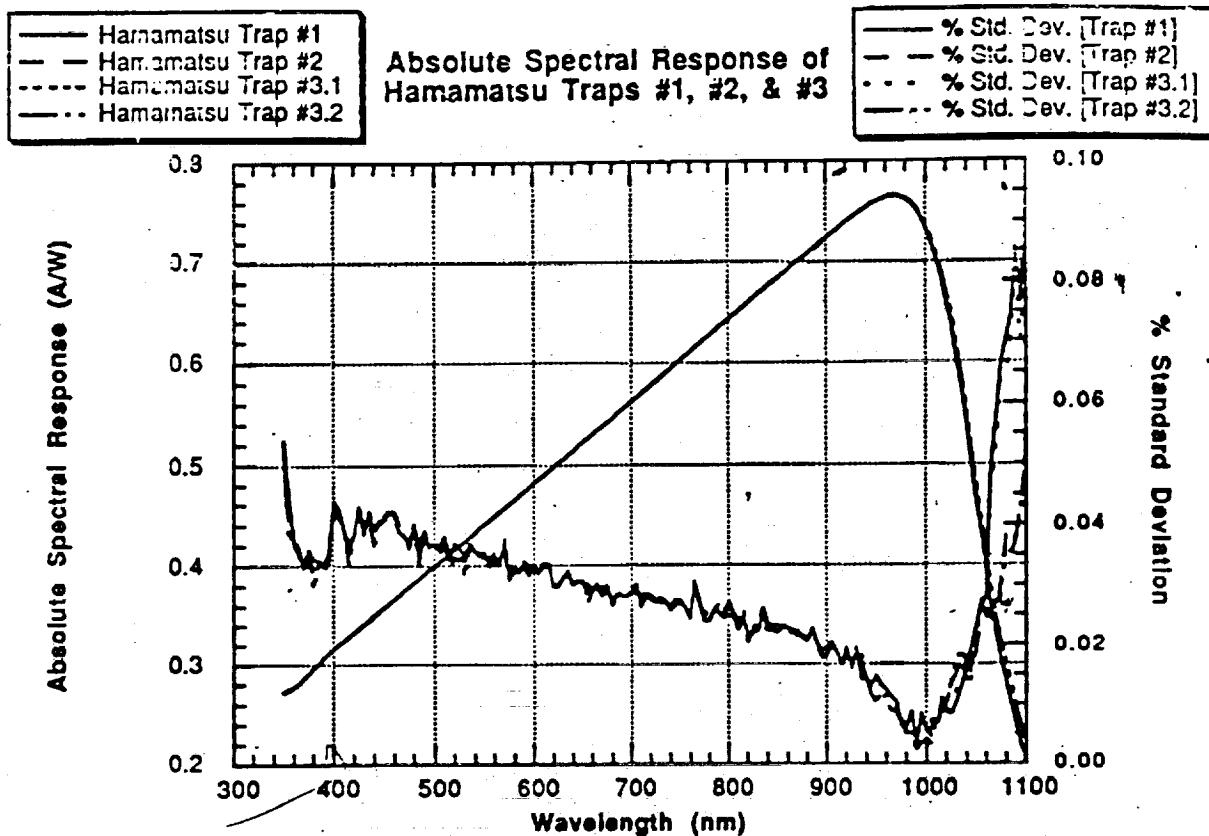
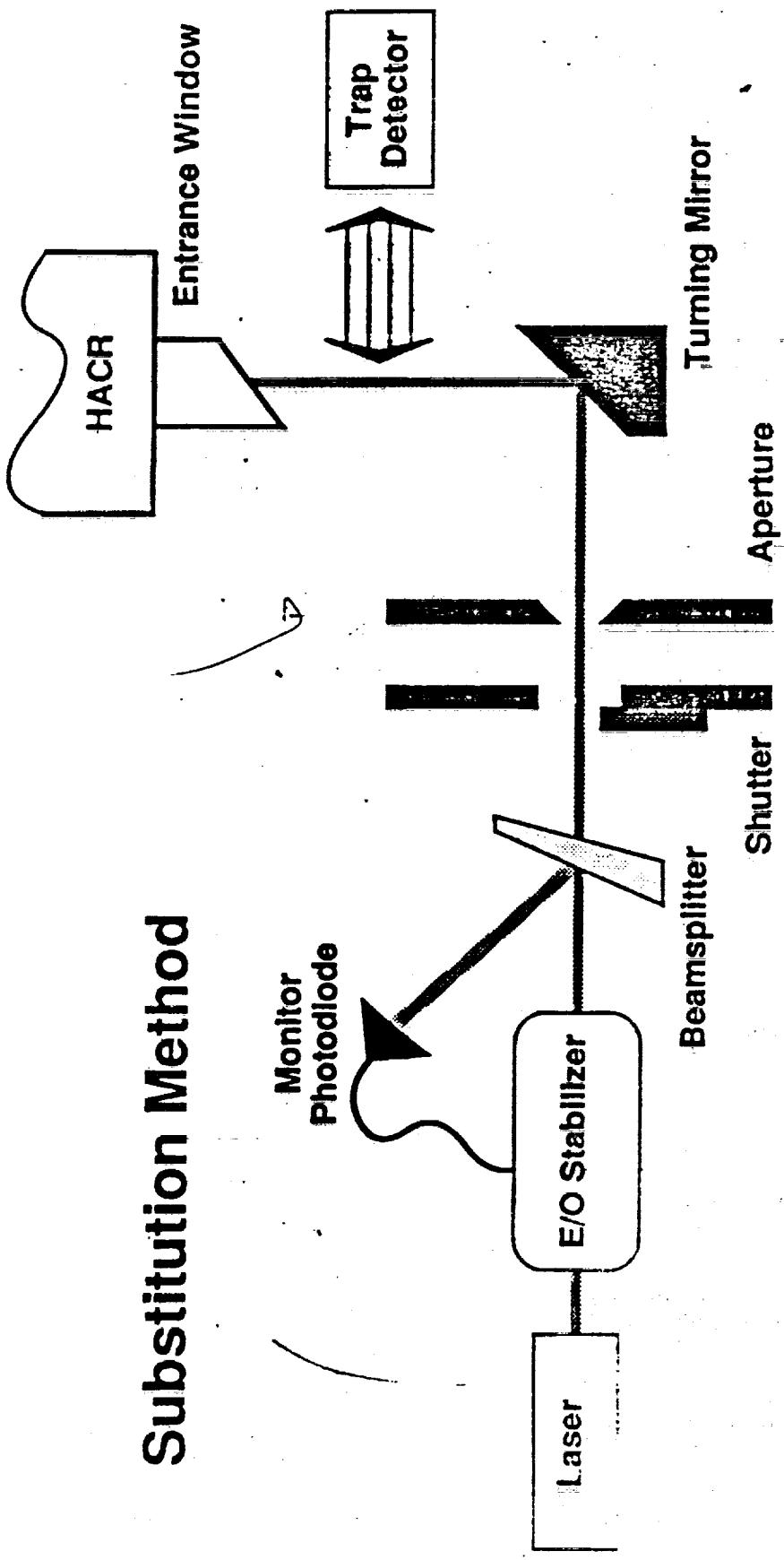


Figure 5b

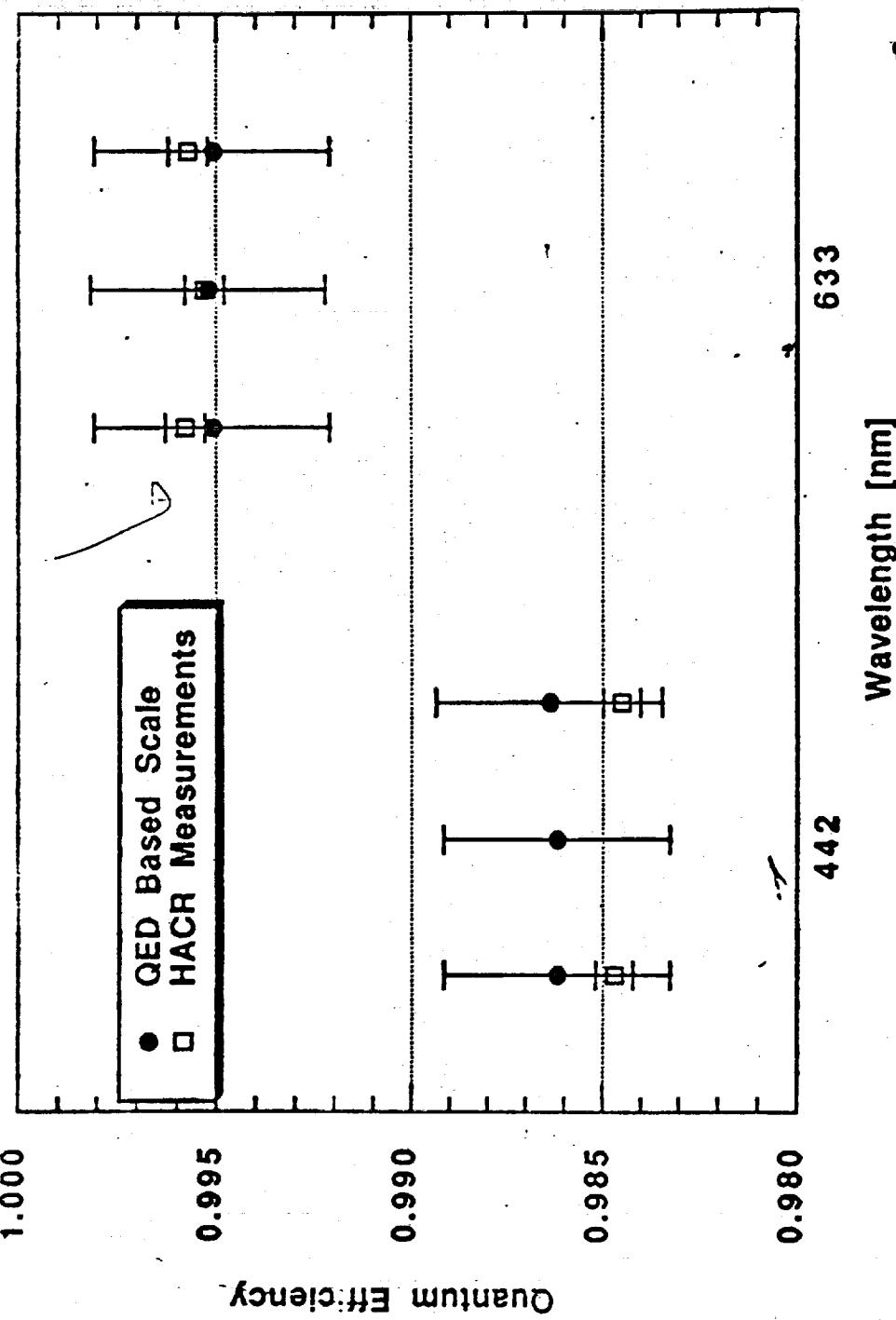
3D Plot of  
Response Relative to  
Center of Detector for  
Hamamatsu Trap #3



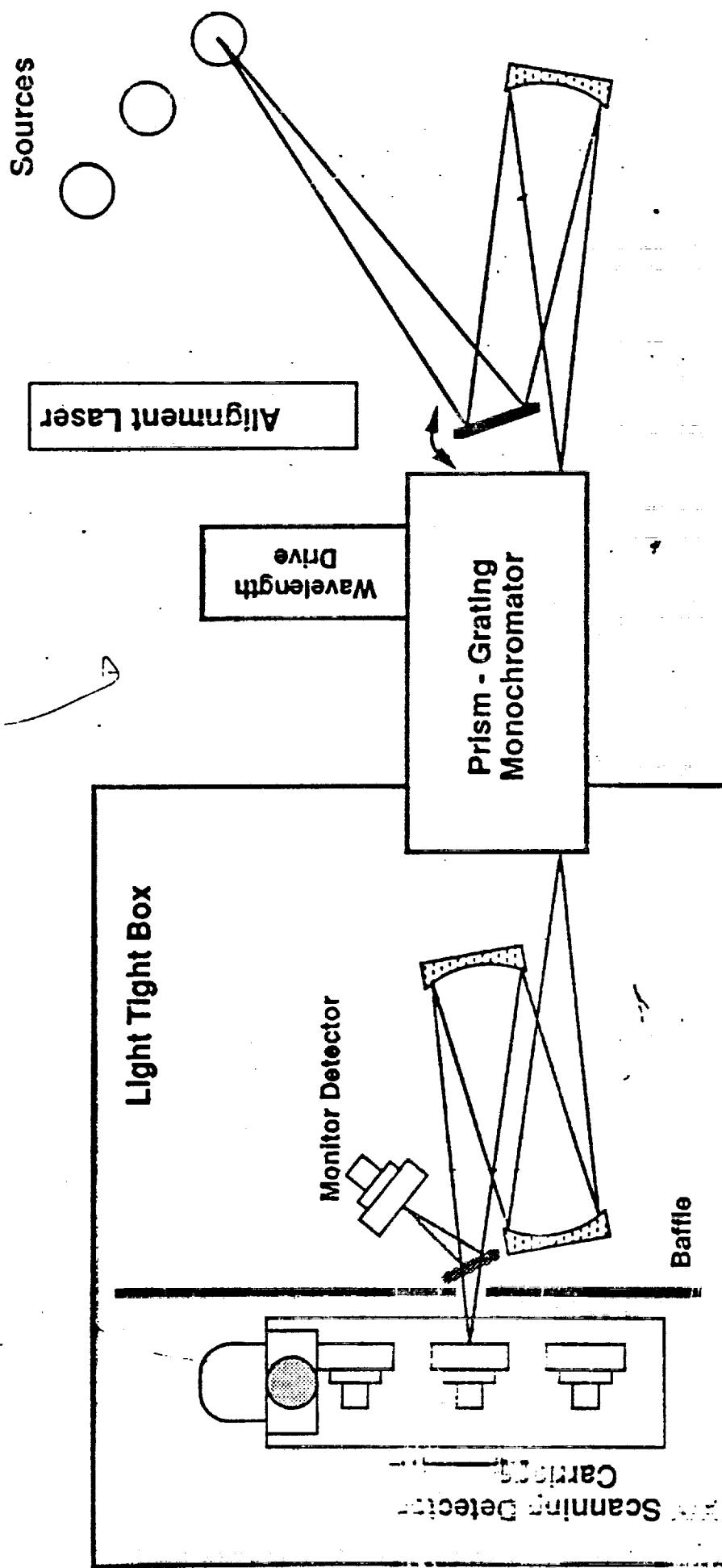
## Substitution Method



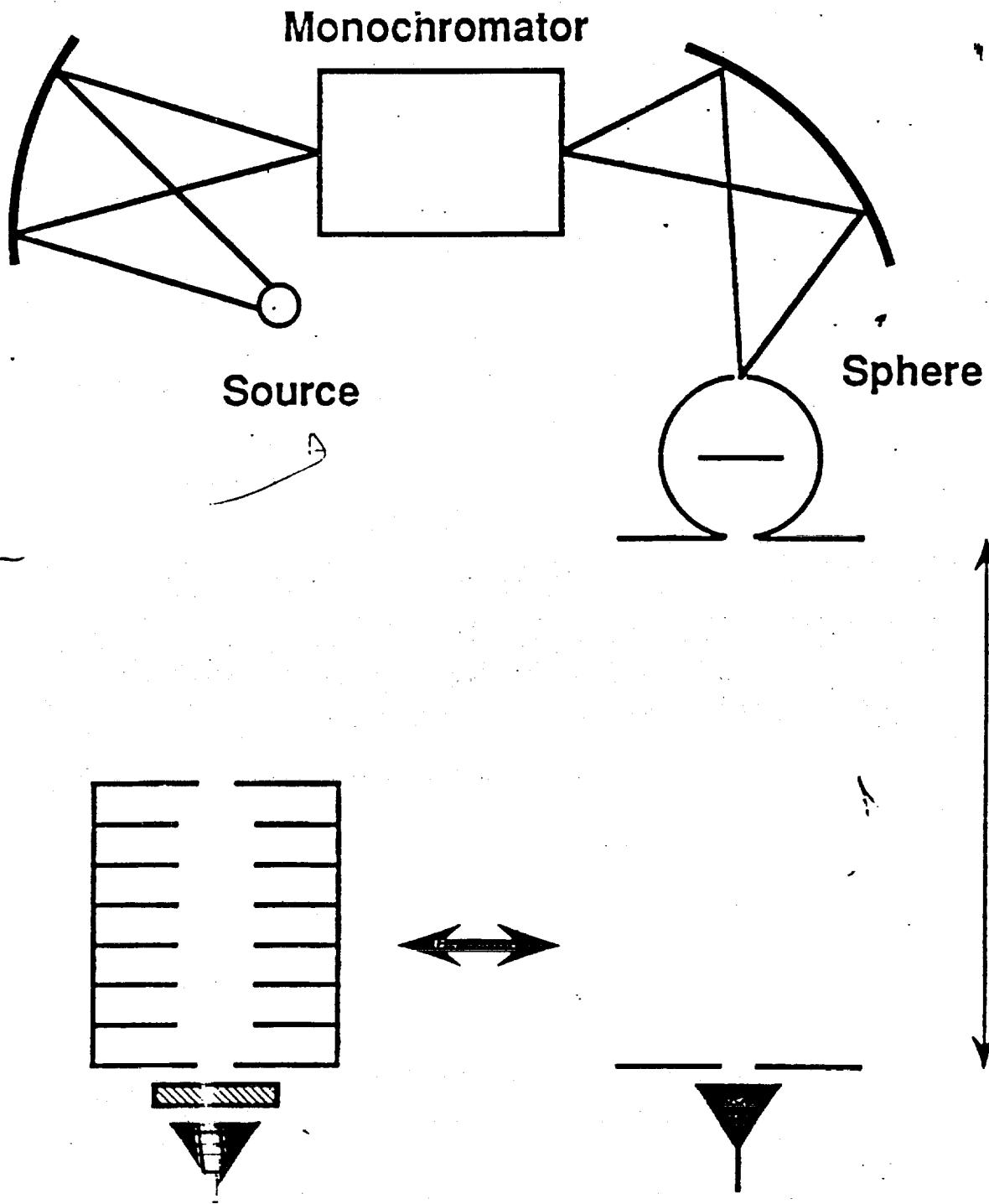
**Comparison of QED Based Scale with  
High Accuracy Cryogenic Radiometer Measurements**



## Visible / Near IR Detector Comparator Facility



# Radiance Calibration Method



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# PROCEEDINGS REPRINT



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